

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION		
PRODUCT NAME	LIFEBUOY LIGHT AQLBL / AQLBLTX	
MANUFACTURERS NAME	XIAMEN LONAKO INDUSTRY & TRADE CO. LTD	
ADDRESS TELEPHONE NO. FAX NO.	1019-2 Wanjiachun Road, Torch High-Tech Zone (XiangAn) Xiamen 361009, China. +86 592 2616126 +86 152 60619913	
EMERGENCY NOS.	FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY, SPILL, LEAK, FIRE EXPOSURE OR ACCIDENT CALL:	
	+86 592 2616126	
	Or	
	+86 752 265 2968	
DESCRIPTION	Lithium powered lifejacket light designed to be stored for up to five years before use. The battery cells are hermetically sealed. Pressurised primary lithium/sulphur dioxide and as supplied are electronically protected by a fuse and from external environment by a moulded plastic casing. In this state the units constitute no definable hazard to health. However disassembly, abuse or destruction of the battery cell will expose the contents and the following Health and Safety Hazards.	

SECTION 2: INFORMATION OF INGREDIENTS

HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS:

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MATERIAL	CAS NUMBER	PEL (OSHA)	TLV (ACGIH)	% / W T.
Manganese Dioxide	1313-13-9	5 mg Mn/m ³ Ceiling	5 mg Mn/m ³	30.0-39.0
Lithium Metal	7439-93-2	Not established	Not established	2.0-3.5
Lithium Perchlorate	7791-03-9	Not established	Not established	1.0-1.5
Propylene Carbonate	108-32-7	Not established	Not established	10.0-11.0
Dimethoxyethane	110-71-4	Not established	Not established	10.0-11.0
1.3 Dioxolane	646-06-0	Not established	Not established	10.0-11.0

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SECTION 3: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION		
LITHIUM METAL:	This is flammable when in contact with water. It reacts violently to produce hydrogen and lithium hydroxide. Use only soda ash, sodium chloride or graphite to extinguish flames.	
MANGANESE DIOXIDE:	Poison by intravenous and intratracheal routes moderately toxic by subcutaneous route. Experimental reproductive effects. A powerful oxidiser, flammable by chemical reaction. Must not be heated or rubbed in contact with easily oxidizable matter.	
1.3 Dimethoxyethane:	Experimental teratogen. Other experimental reproduction effects readily forms an explosive peroxide. A very dangerous fire hazard when exposed to flame, heat or oxidisers. When heated to decomposition it emits acrid smoke and fumes.	
Lithium Perchlorate	Moderately toxic. Skin, eye and mucous membrane irritant an oxidiser which is incompatible with nitromethane acetone hydrogen and oxygen. When heated to decomposition it emits very toxic fumes.	

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES		
EYES:	Irrigate thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.	
INHALATION:	Remove from exposure, rest and keep warm. In severe cases, or if exposure has been great, obtain medical attention.	
SKIN:	Drench the skin thoroughly with water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Unless contact has been slight, obtain medical attention.	
INGESTION:	Wash out mouth thoroughly with water and give plenty of water to drink. Obtain medical attention.	
FURTHER TREATMENT:	All cases of eye contamination, persistent skin irritation and casualties who have swallowed this substance or been affected by breathing its vapours should be seen by a doctor.	
EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:	If cell vents, personnel should be evacuated from contaminated areas. Other materials are either inert or have low hazard associated with their exposure.	

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

If cells are directly involved in fire, DO NOT USE SAND, DRY POWDER OR SODA ASH, GRAPHITE, METAL CLASS D EXTINGUISHERS OR A FIRE BLANKET. Copious quantities of a water based foam is the only recommended extinguishing media for fires involving cells. If a fire is in an adjacent area, and cells are packed in their original containers, the fire can be fought based on fuelling material e.g. paper and plastic products. Avoid fume inhalation.

In the case where significant quantities of Lithium / Manganese Dioxide batteries have been involved in a fire, account must be taken of the possibility that flammable gases might be evolved should water come into contact with the cold battery residues. These gases might include Acetylene, Hydrogen and Cyanide. It is recommended that ventilation should be maximised should this scenario be realised.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Copious quantities of a water based foam.

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SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Do not breathe vapours or touch liquid with bare hands. If the skin has come into contact with the electrolyte it should be washed thoroughly with water. Earth or sand should be used to absorb the exudation, seal leaking battery and earth in a heavy-duty polythene bag and dispose of as special waste.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handle and store in cool, well-ventilated area. Keep out of direct sunlight.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION		
HANDLING:	Do not short circuit or expose to temperatures above the temperature rating of the battery. Do not recharge, over-discharge, force discharge, immerse, puncture or crush.	
STORAGE:	Store in a cool place but prevent condensation on cells and batteries. Elevated temperatures can result in shortened battery life and degrade performance. Do not store batteries in high humidity environments for long periods. External corrosion of the Nickle plated can and tags could result in the formation of toxic metal salts. Avoid ingestion, observe personal hygiene was hands after contact.	

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES		
APPEARANCE	Light in a plastic housing.	
ODOUR:	If leaking, smells of medical ether.	
STABILITY IN WATER:	Product is waterproof.	
REACTION WITH WATER:	Only if damaged.	
FLASH POINT:	Not applicable unless individual components exposed.	
FLAMMABILITY:	Not applicable unless individual components exposed.	
RELATIVE DENSITY:	Not applicable unless individual components exposed.	
SOLUBILITY IN WATER:	Not applicable unless individual components exposed.	
SOLUBILITY OTHER:	Not applicable unless individual components exposed.	

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY		
Hazardous materials are housed within a hermetically sealed unit, under normal conditions this unit is Non-Hazardous.		
HAZARDOUS REACTIONS	Lithium metal reacts with water to produce highly flammable gasses.	
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION REACTIONS	Toxic fumes and may form peroxides.	

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
SIGNS & SYMPTOMS	NONE, unless battery ruptures. In the event of exposure to internal contents, corrosive fumes will be very irritating to skin, eyes and mucous membranes. Over-exposure can cause symptoms of non-fibrotic lung injury and membrane irritation.	
INHALATION	Lung irritation.	
SKIN CONTACT	Skin irritation.	
EYE CONTACT	Eye irritation.	
INGESTION	Poisoning if swallowed.	
MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGREVATED BY EXPOSURE.	In the event of exposure to internal contents, eczema, skin allergies, lung injuries, asthma and other respiratory disorders may occur.	

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
MAMMALIAN EFFECTS	None known if used / disposed of correctly.	
ECO-TOXICITY	None known if used / disposed of correctly.	
BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL	Slowly bio-degradable.	
ENVIRONMENTAL FATE	None known if used / disposed of correctly.	

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL

DISPOSAL

DO NOT INCINERATE or subject cells to temperatures in excess of 90°C. Such abuse can result in loss of seal, leakage, and/or cell explosion. Dispose only through a recognised disposer.

DO NOT ATTEMPT TO DISMANTLE THIS PRODUCT.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION		
UN Hazard Code	Excepted from transport packing, marking and labelling regulations under surface ADR & IMDG Special Provision 188, IATA Packing Instruction 970 Section II. Meets the conditions of IMDG Special Provision 230.	
UN Number	3091	
UN Name	Lithium Metal Batteries Contained in Equipment	
Packing Group	II	
Lithium Content	0.54g (≤ 1 gram lithium metal cell)	
Watt Hour Rating	4.65wh	
Note	Packages should be labelled with the Lithium Battery Handling Label.	

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SECTION 15: REG	ULATORY INFO	PRMATION
Classification	Non Hazard	lous.
Hazard Symbol	N/A	
Risk Phrases	R8 R11 R14/15 R17 R19 R20 R22 R34 R36/37/38 R41	Contact with combustible material may cause fire. Highly flammable. Reacts violently with water liberating extremely flammable gasses. Spontaneously flammable in air. May form explosive peroxides. Harmful by inhalation. Harmful if swallowed. Causes burns. Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Risk of serious damage to the eyes.
Safety Phrases	\$1/2 \$8 \$16 \$17 \$24/25 \$26/27 \$29 \$33 \$36 \$37 \$38 \$43 \$45	Keep locked up and out of the reach of children. Keep away from moisture. Keep away from sources of ignition – no smoking. Keep away from combustible material. When using do not eat drink or smoke. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water. Do not empty into drains. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear suitable gloves. In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment. In case of fire, see fire fighting precautions. In case of incident, seek medical attention.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION		
Reference UN Manual of Tests and Criteria Part III subsection 38.3 and 54 th DGR IATA Manual	Packaging complies with the requirements of Section II of packing instructions 968 of 54 th DGR IATA manual	

The above information is given based on the present state of our knowledge of this product and is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate at the time of publication. No warranty given, either express or implied, with respect to the accuracy, reliability or completeness of the information contained herein and we will assume no liability resulting from its use. The users must satisfy themselves that the information provided is entirely suitable for their particular use.

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